Nevada King Reviews 2023 Achievements At Its Atlanta Gold Mine Project - Drills 50,000m, Increases Land Package, And Confirms New Geological Model

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VANCOUVER, Dec. 28, 2023 - Nevada King Gold Corp. (TSXV: NKG) (OTCQX: NKGFF) ("Nevada King" or the "Compleased to review the significant advancements at its 100%-owned Atlanta Gold Mine Project achieved during its 2023 campaign. The 2023 drilling program both advanced resource definition drilling in established zones and leveraged off geologic modeling to discover several significant new high-grade zones.

2023 Corporate Highlights:

- Drilled seven diamond drill holes and 202 reverse circulation holes at Atlanta accounting for over 50,000 metres of 2023 calendar year. Over 30,000m from 109 drill holes are currently pending assay and release.
- Solidified its strategic land holdings in the Atlanta district by staking an additional 469 claims (39.8km²) to fully subuild a geological buffer around the Atlanta caldera.
- Raised \$16.25-million at a price of \$0.45 per share. Founder & CEO Collin Kettell and all of the management teal
 participated in the financing for over \$2 million with much of the balance subscribed for by insiders and significant
 shareholders. Over 55% of the shares of the Company are held by insiders and large shareholders who continue
 supporters of the Company.
- Expanded Phase II drill program from 20,000m to 60,000m following a series of exploration successes that leveral geological modeling. The Company has now drilled over 70,000m and is planning to provide guidance on a further January.

Atlanta Exploration & Drilling Highlights:

One year ago today, Nevada King released an updated geologic model that represented a significant departure from the interpretation of the Atlanta Au-Ag epithermal system. The prior model constrained the distribution and tenor of gold mit to a single fault structure. Nevada King's new geologic model projected a series of high-angle faults through the Atlanta were each interpreted as potential conduits for channeling gold-bearing hydrothermal fluids into the Atlanta deposit. The drilling was successful in confirming new high-grade discoveries in areas within and proximate to these projected feeder and allowed the Company to track high-grade mineralization along a multitude of structures throughout the Atlanta deposit.

The 2023 program generated a significant amount of drill results which, along with ongoing updated interpretation, was 24 news releases. The Atlanta drill results and accompanying cross sections and plan maps provided a developing nar an expanding mineralized footprint including numerous thick and high-grade mineralized drill intercepts.

Today, the Company is pleased to release a new map of Atlanta presenting the progressive success of its exploration a definition drilling that began in 2021 as part of its Phase I drill program (shown in green), followed by its Phase II program (blue) and expanded Phase II program in 2023 (orange). Results from drill holes reported to date are color and shape of illustrate gold grade and thickness, respectively. Primary fault structures are overlayed in black dashed lines. Following a brief description of the 2021, 2022, and 2023 results and a look at what is to come in 2024.

2021 Phase I Drilling:

The Company's inaugural Phase I, 2021 drill program consisted of 68 drill holes totaling 5,544m and was focused on exthree areas that were historically underexplored or never tested. This included testing for mineralization from within the

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to the east of the pit, and along trend, 500m north of the pit. In each of these areas, the Company's drilling successfully significant oxide gold mineralization.

At the bottom of the Atlanta pit, a fence of five holes interesected high-grade gold mineralization including 54.9m avera Au in AT21-62 and 64m averaging 3.35 g/t Au in AT21-64 (released January 12, 2022 and January 20, 2022).

At 560m north-northwest of the Atlanta pit, the Company encountered 9.1m averaging 8.26 g/t Au within an overall inte 18.3m grading 4.64 g/t Au in AT21-003 (released November 22, 2021). This hole was drilled 240m north of the Gustavs pit-constrained resource zone and clearly demonstrated the high-grade potential along the northern extension of the Ea Fault.

Drilling to the east of the pit also encountered gold mineralization starting at surface, including 37m of 0.65 g/t Au in AT 32m of 0.59 g/t Au in AT21-38, highlighting the potential for an eastern expansion of the resource area (released Janua 2022).

In summation, initial 2021 drilling demonstrated the existence of fault offsets within the mineralized zone and intersecte of shallow, high-grade mineralized zones both at the bottom of the historical Atlanta pit and well north of the resource a were not identified in historical drilling.

2022 Phase II Drilling:

Phase II drilling commenced in June of 2022 and was designed to further test mineralization at the bottom of the pit tog better defining the westward extension of gold mineralization across a 100m to 150m-wide shear zone termed the Atlar Fault Zone ("AMFZ"). Mineralization in the AMFZ is almost exclusively confined to a dense, sub-horizontal silica-breccia that formed along the erosional unconformity separating younger volcanics from underlying older dolomite and quartzite breccia horizon tends to be higher-grade and thicker along the eastern side of the shear zone where hole intercepts typ average 1-3 g/t Au over 30-50m thicknesses. The AMFZ was drilled by prior operators and the easternmost fault strand Atlanta Fault) was historically mined, but historical operators failed to recognize the presence and significance of the m feeder structures and geometrically complex west-dipping mineralized blocks comprising this broad structure zone, and consequently had no effective geological model with which to interpret their widely-spaced drill results.

The Company focused on drilling the AMFZ with a series of vertical hole fences and successfully identified high-grade of mineralization. Intercepts included 3.41 g/t Au over 54.9m in AT22NS-46 and 2.65 g/t Au over 50.3m in AT22NS-59 (respectively), as well as 3.19 g/t Au over 32m in AT22NS-83T and 2.9 g/t Au over 28.1m in AT22NS-81T (release 5, 2022). Drilling south of the pit intercepted 77.7m of 0.62 g/t Au in AT22-RC9 and 41.2m of 1.05 g/t Au in AT22-RC10 that gold mineralization continues along the southward extension of the AMFZ. These areas, which were largely ignore previous explorers, returned higher-grades over thicker intercepts than seen in past drilling in the vicinity, thus demonstrated for encountering additional mineralization further southward.

2023 Drilling:

In early 2023, the Company stepped further westward from the AMFZ into the Atlanta caldera, revealing the existence of 150m-wide graben hosting gold mineralization both within Tertiary volcanics and along the unconformity separating volcanderlying Paleozoic sediments. Termed the West Atlanta Graben Zone ("WAGZ"), this area is characterized by long dintercepts that can exceed 150m in thickness and range in average grade from 0.5 g/t to 1.5 g/t Au. Examples include 2 over 71.7m in AT22WS-2 (released February 13, 2023), 1.03 g/t Au over 181.4m in AT22SE-4 and 0.98 g/t Au over 163 AT22SE-42 (released March 20, 2023), and 2.74 g/t Au over 89m in AT22HG-8T (released April 3, 2023). Once the Wastructural setting was drill-defined, Nevada King was quick to recognize the strong potential within this this down-dropped basin for significantly adding tonnage to the Atlanta system.

Drilling throughout 2023 continued to test mineralization along the AMFZ and within the WAGZ while concurrently discontesting major feeder structures controlling both mineralized zones. The boundary between these zones coincides with the Atlanta Fault ("WAF") and adjacent West Atlanta Fault #1 ("WAF1"), both of which appear to be major controlling struct Atlanta deposit with respect to localizing shallow intrusive activity and serving as the main hydrothermal feeders for the system. Drilling along the WAF and WAF1 encountered several instances of high-grade gold and silver mineralization in 1084 g/t Ag and 5.27 g/t Au over 10.7m in AT22HG-18 (released April 20, 2023).

Figure 1 above shows the distribution of gold grade and thickness reported to date in relation to the areas drilled during

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three years. The westward increase in intercept thickness is apparent due to the influence of the WAGZ, whereas higher grades are scattered around the deposit but generally occur proximal to major structures. Nevada King's closer spaced along these major structures has connected the higher-grade intercepts together along strike, forming a grid-like patter high-grade along structures and lower-grade between the structures. The net effect has been to reveal higher-grade podeposit that were not apparent from the more widely-spaced historical drill holes.

In addition, following these main structures has allowed for significant expansion well outside the existing resource zon south, the west, and to the north. In October, the Company released results from an area immediately south of the resonablind discovery that included 2.15 g/t Au over 96m in AT23HG-34 and 1.89 g/t Au over 114.3m in AT23HG-37 (released 17, 2023). Meanwhile, drilling in the North Extension target 600m north of the Atlanta Pit continued to encounter high-generalization including 4.01 g/t Au over 21.3m and 3.69 g/t Au over 13.7m (released September 27, 2023).

2024 Drilling:

Looking to 2024, Nevada King's Atlanta resource expansion and definition program will focus on closely spaced drilling structures to test and expand the very high-grade zones (or "jewelry boxes") recently discovered towards the end of 20 are best exemplified by the October 2023 release of the most gold rich hole ever recorded at Atlanta with 11.64 g/t Au including 37.16 g/t Au over 29m, intercepted in the northwest portion of the resource area within the WAGZ (released 2023). This was followed by another record intercept of 6.55 g/t Au and 100.8 g/t Ag over 82.3m, intersected along a distructure within the AMFZ, (released November 14, 2023). These bonanza-grade zones, although relatively restricted in very high-grade and could lead to a boost in the overall grade at Atlanta.

As the 2024 year progresses, exploration drilling will continue southward from the resource zone along the South Quar Target and eastward up onto the East Ridge Target. Reconnaissance drilling will commence in early summer to follow-many geophysical and geochemical anomalies identified in 2023 throughout the Atlanta District. With a far better geological/geochemical/geophysical model for the Atlanta deposit in hand, the Company is now much better equipped cost-effectively look for other Atlanta-type targets within a 31 km² prospective region that is almost completely covered post-mineral volcanics, caldera moat sediments, and thick alluvium.

The strong, high-grade mineralization encountered within the Atlanta deposit is connected to a large and relatively long hydrothermal system formed along the caldera's margin, boding well for identifying similar deposits around or adjacent caldera margin.

QA/QC Protocols

All Reverse Circulation samples from the Atlanta Project are split at the drill site and placed in cloth and plastic bags utinominal 2kg sample weight. CRF standards, blanks, and duplicates are inserted into the sample stream on-site on a or sample basis, meaning all three inserts are included in each 20-sample group. Samples are shipped by a local contract sample shipping crates directly to American Assay Lab in Reno, Nevada, with full custody being maintained at all times American Assay Lab, samples were weighted then crushed to 75% passing 2mm and pulverized to 85% passing 75 mi order to produce a 300g pulverized split. Prepared samples are initially run using a four acid + boric acid digestion proconventional mutli-element ICP-OES analysis. Gold assays are initially run using 30-gram samples by lead fire assay we finish to a 0.003 ppm detection limit, with samples greater than 10 ppm finished gravimetrically. Every sample is also run cyanide leach for gold with an ICP-OES finish. The QA/QC procedure involves regular submission of Certified Analytical and property-specific duplicates.

Qualified Person

The scientific and technical information in this news release has been reviewed and approved by Calvin R. Herron, P.G. a Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101").

About Nevada King Gold Corp.

Nevada King is the third largest mineral claim holder in the State of Nevada, behind Nevada Gold Mines (Barrick/Newn Kinross Gold. Starting in 2016, the Company has staked large project areas hosting significant historical exploration we Battle Mountain trend located close to current or former producing gold mines. These project areas were initially targete their potential for hosting multi-million-ounce gold deposits and were subsequently staked following a detailed geologic evaluation. District-scale projects in Nevada King's portfolio include (1) the 100% owned Atlanta Mine, located 100km s Ely, (2) the Lewis and Horse Mountain-Mill Creek projects, both located between Nevada Gold Mines' large Phoenix are

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mines, and (3) the Iron Point project, located 35km east of Winnemucca, Nevada.

The Atlanta Mine is a historical gold-silver producer with a NI 43-101 compliant pit-constrained resource of 460,000 oz measured and indicated category (11.0M tonnes at 1.3 g/t) plus an inferred resource of 142,000 oz Au (5.3M tonnes at See the NI 43-101 Technical Report on Resources titled "Atlanta Property, Lincoln County, NV" with an effective date of 2020, and a report date of December 22, 2020, as prepared by Gustavson Associates and filed under the Company's p SEDAR+ (www.sedarplus.ca).

Resource Category	Tonnes Au Grade		Contained Au Ag Grade Contained Ag Oz Oz		
	(000s)	(ppm))	(ppm)	
Measured	4,130	1.51	200,000	14.0	1,860,000
Indicated	6,910	1.17	260,000	10.6	2,360,000
Measured + Indicated	11,000	1.30	460,000	11.9	4,220,000
Inferred	5,310	0.83	142,000	7.3	1,240,000

Table 1. NI 43-101 Mineral Resources at the Atlanta Mine

Please see the Company's website at www.nevadaking.ca.

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Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward Looking Information

This news release contains certain "forward-looking information" and "forward-looking statements" (collectively "forwardstatements") within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. All statements, other than statements of historical factories are statements. herein, without limitation, statements relating the future operations and activities of Nevada King, are forward-looking st Forward-looking statements are frequently, but not always, identified by words such as "expects", "anticipates", "believe "intends", "estimates", "potential", "possible", and similar expressions, or statements that events, conditions, or results ' "could", or "should" occur or be achieved. Forward-looking statements in this news release relate to, among other thing Company's exploration plans and the Company's ability to potentially expand mineral resources and the impact thereor be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, and actual results and future events could differ mater those anticipated in such statements. Forward-looking statements reflect the beliefs, opinions and projections on the day statements are made and are based upon a number of assumptions and estimates that, while considered reasonable be King, are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties and continu Manual dactors, both known and unknown, could cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially difference of achievements to be materially difference or achievements. then test use line Kettaliate of in the meward a king war or the statements parties have made assumptions and estimates based on or related to many of these factors. Such factors include, with limitation, the ability to complete proposed exploration work, the results of exploration, continued availability of capital, bleser Artikel stammt von Ronston-Well de In general jeconomic market and business conditions. Readers should not place undue reliance on the forward-looking and /information/contained/hothis/news-Kelease-onacerning/these-items/thevada-King-does-notsassumarany-obligation/h forward-looking statements of beliefs, opinions, projections, or other factors, should they change, except as required by Segur Washaws annten Quelle. Bei Übersetzungen können Fehler nicht ausgeschlossen werden. Der vertretene Standpunkt eines Autors

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